

## Chest computed tomography images of early coronavirus disease (COVID-19)

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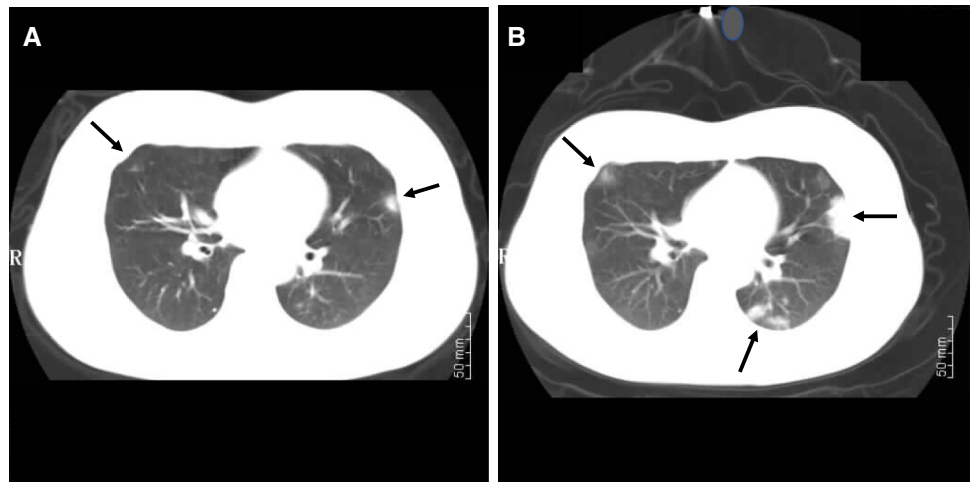
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Severe acute respiratory syndrome-related coronavirus (SARS-CoV-2) has rapidly spread throughout China and as of 8 March 2020 has spread to over 100 countries with 105,000 confirmed cases of coronavirus-related disease (COVID-19).<sup>1</sup> The high infectivity and mortality of COVID-19 makes this a serious public health threat.<sup>2</sup> Recent studies have confirmed that fever, dry cough, and fatigue are the main manifestations.<sup>3</sup> Some patients have other symptoms, such as nasal congestion, runny nose, sore throat, myalgia, and diarrhea. Seriously-ill patients may

develop dyspnea and/or hypoxemia one week after the onset of symptoms, and critically-ill patients can quickly progress to acute respiratory distress syndrome, septic shock, severe metabolic acidosis, coagulopathy, and multiple organ dysfunction syndrome.<sup>3</sup>

We report a 27-yr-old pregnant woman at 36 weeks gestation who was admitted to the hospital with fever, dry cough, and fatigue as the main manifestations. Her SARS-CoV-2 reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) test was positive and although she developed

**Figure** Chest computed tomography (CT) scan at the time of admission (A) of a 27-yr-old 36-week pregnant woman with coronavirus disease (COVID-19). The CT scan shows the characteristic peripheral (and/or subpleural) ground-glass opacities. These are seen in the left lower lobe/lingula junction and in the right middle lobe (arrows). Two days after admission (B), the size, density, and distribution of these opacities had progressed (arrows)



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tachypnea, she did not develop significant hypoxemia. After admission, a computed tomography (CT) scan (Figure A) revealed the typical COVID-19 findings of patchy peripheral and subpleural ground-glass opacities<sup>4</sup> in the left lower lobe/lingula junction. The right middle lobe of the lung also showed a small subpleural opacity of uneven density and blurred margins. Two days after admission, a repeat CT scan showed (Figure B) the number, density, and size of the lesions. Because of concern about potential further progression of the COVID-19 pulmonary manifestations, an uncomplicated elective Cesarean delivery was performed. The RT-PCR for SARS-CoV-2 was negative in the neonate.

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